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問題集

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Exam : **1Z0-072**

Title : Oracle Database 12cR2
Administration

Version : DEMO

1.The ORCL database has DEFERRED_SEGMENT_CREATION set to TRUE.

UNDOTBS2 is the active undo tablespace.

Examine these commands:

```
SQL> SELECT tablespace_name, status, retention
       FROM dba_tablespaces
       WHERE tablespace_name LIKE 'UNDO%';
```

TABLESPACE_NAME	STATUS	RETENTION
UNDOTBS1	ONLINE	NOGUARANTEE
UNDOTBS2	ONLINE	GUARANTEE

```
SQL> SELECT tablespace_name, autoextensible, bytes/1024/1024 "SIZE"
       FROM dba_data_files WHERE tablespace_name LIKE 'UNDO%';
```

TABLESPACE_NAME	AUTOEXTENSIBLE	SIZE
UNDOTB1	YES	70
UNDOTBS2	NO	2

USER1executes DML, which generates more than 2 MB of UNDO.

What is the result and why?

- A. It suspends the transaction, which can be resumed by increasing the size of UNDOTBS2.
- B. It returns an error because UNDOTBS2 is fixed size and has RETENTION GUARANTEE.
- C. It suspends the transaction, which can be resumed by increasing USER1's quota on UNDOTBS2.
- D. It returns an error because UNDOTBS2has RETENTION GUARANTEE.
- E. It suspends the transaction, which can be resumed by setting UNDOTBS1 as the active undo tablespace.
- F. It returns an error because UNDOTBS2 is fixed size.

Answer: F

2.Which three failures require intervention for recovery? (Choose three.)

- A. a user error such as dropping the wrong table
- B. network interface card (NIC) failure
- C. user process failure
- D. statement failure
- E. media failure

Answer: ACE

3.Which three are true about Oracle Managed Files (OMF)? (Choose three.)

- A. If DB_CREATE_FILE_DESTis specified but DB_CREATE_ONLINE_LOG_DEST_n is not, the redo logs and control files are placed in DB_CREATE_FILE_DEST by default.
- B. If DB_RECOVERY_FILE_DESTis specified, at least two different locations must be specified for DB_CREATE_ONLINE_LOG_DEST_n.
- C. If only DB_CREATE_FILE_DEST is specified, only the data files and temp files are OMF.
- D. If DB_RECOVERY_FILE_DEST is specified but DB_CREATE_ONLINE_LOG_DEST_n is not, the redo logs and control files are placed in DB_RECOVERY_FILE_DEST by default.

E. If DB_CREATE_ONLINE_LOG_DEST_1 is specified but DB_CREATE_FILE_DEST is not, the data files and temp files are placed in DB_CREATE_ONLINE_LOG_DEST_1 by default.

F. If only DB_CREATE_ONLINE_LOG_DEST_n is specified, only the redo logs and control files are OMF.

Answer: ABF

4. Your client application and Oracle database are located on different hosts.

Which statement is true about establishing a connection between them?

A. Oracle Connection Manager must be installed on the client.

B. Net service names must be configured on both the client and database servers.

C. The Listener Control utility must be installed on the client if you are using the default listener on the server.

D. Only Oracle Net can be used.

E. Oracle Net Listener is required.

Answer: D

Explanation:

Reference: https://docs.oracle.com/cd/E25178_01/server.1111/e25789/dist_pro.htm

5. In the ORCL database, USER1 has unlimited quota on TBS1 and TBS2.

The USER1.EMP table with primary key EMP_ENO_PK resides in TBS1.

USER1.EMP_IDX residing in TBS2 is an index on U1.EMP.ENAME.

TBS1 is exported from ORCL by using this command:

```
[oracle@host01 ~]$ expdp system/oracle tablespace=tbs1 directory=exp_dir dumpfile=tbs1.dmp
```

The TESTDB database has a TBS1 tablespace but no TBS2.

The SYSTEM user in TESTDB executes this command:

```
[oracle@host01 ~]$ impdp system/oracle directory=exp_dir dumpfile=u1.dmp tablespace=tbs1
```

What is the result and why?

A. It imports EMP, EMP_ENO_PK, and the unique index associated with EMP_ENO_PK and EMP_IDX.

B. It imports only EMP, EMP_ENO_PK, and the unique index associated with EMP_ENO_PK.

C. It fails because TESTDB has TBS1.

D. It imports only EMP.

E. It fails because TESTDB does not have TBS2 to create EMP_IDX.

Answer: B